

<b>STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM</b>		
Name of the module/subject <b>Modelling of mechanical systems</b>		Code <b>1010642221010640413</b>
Field of study <b>Mechanical Engineering</b>	Profile of study (general academic, practical) <b>(brak)</b>	Year /Semester <b>1 / 2</b>
Elective path/specialty <b>Mechatronics</b>	Subject offered in: <b>Polish</b>	Course (compulsory, elective) <b>obligatory</b>
Cycle of study: <b>Second-cycle studies</b>	Form of study (full-time, part-time) <b>full-time</b>	
No. of hours Lecture: <b>1</b> Classes: <b>2</b> Laboratory: <b>-</b> Project/seminars: <b>-</b>		No. of credits <b>3</b>
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) <b>(brak)</b>		(university-wide, from another field) <b>(brak)</b>
Education areas and fields of science and art <b>technical sciences</b> <b>Technical sciences</b>		ECTS distribution (number and %) <b>3 100%</b> <b>3 100%</b>
<b>Responsible for subject / lecturer:</b> prof. dr hab. inż. Janusz Mielniczuk email: janusz.mielniczuk@put.poznan.pl tel. 61 665 2335 Working Machines and Transportation ul. Piotrowo 3, 60-965 Poznań		<b>Responsible for subject / lecturer:</b> mgr inż. Dominik Wojtkowiak email: dominik.wojtkowiak@put.poznan.pl tel. 61 665 2053 Working Machines and Transportation ul. Piotrowo 3, 60-965 Poznań
<b>Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:</b>		
1	<b>Knowledge</b>	Basic knowledge of mathematics, materials science, mechanics, basics of machine design, theory of machines and strength of materials acquired during the first degree studies.
2	<b>Skills</b>	Basics of vector and tensor analysis, solve simple problems of strength, the ability to solve differential equations.
3	<b>Social competencies</b>	Students are creative and consistent in the implementation of the tasks has autonomy to solve problems, acquire and improve their knowledge and skills.
<b>Assumptions and objectives of the course:</b> -Learning a new mathematical apparatus necessary in the process of modeling materials and machines (mechanisms), learn the basics of physical and mathematical modeling of construction materials, machinery and equipment, some physical processes.		
<b>Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study</b>		
<b>Knowledge:</b> 1. Has a basic knowledge of the mechanics of solids and discrete systems with many degrees of freedom - [K2A_W02] 2. Mathematical modeling of physical and mechanical systems based on the principle of d - [K2A_W02]		
<b>Skills:</b> 1. He can use the assimilated knowledge of the mechanics of materials of construction for the simulation of mechanical systems, mechanisms and machines. - [K2A_U05] 2. Is able to assess potential negative impacts for the natural environment and humans, originating from the designed machine or a vehicle from the selected equipment group.- [K2A_U14]		
<b>Social competencies:</b> 1. Understands the need for lifelong learning; is able to inspire and organize the learning process of others. - [K2A_K01] 2. Is aware of and understands the importance and impact of non-technical aspects of mechanical engineering activities and its impact on the environment, is aware of responsibility for decisions - [K2A_K02] 3. Is aware of social role of mechanical engineer, understands the need for and is able to deliver opinions and knowledge in the field of machine design, particularly through the media - [K2A_K06]		
<b>Assessment methods of study outcomes</b>		

-Written test, written tests on exercises, passing thesis.		
<b>Course description</b>		
<p>-Notes on modeling - a goal of modeling entities. The modeling process - stages of modeling scheme. Physical modelling - simplifying assumptions, the physical parameters, examples of physical models. Mathematical modelling - basics model, the size of tensor, coordinate systems, principles for the formulation of constitutive relationships, formulate and solve the equations of motion of mechanical systems. Mathematical models of construction materials - one-parameter models, complex models, some models nonclassical. Mechanical systems one and two-parameter - equations of motion, vibration, undamped and damped, resonance, self-excited oscillations, vibrations of beams and shafts. Mathematical models of selected processes - thermal systems, hydrodynamic systems. The parallels between the worlds of physical. Mathematical modelling of machines and devices ? forward and reverse kinematics, dynamic stresses.</p>		
<b>Basic bibliography:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ostrowska-Maciejewska; Podstawy mechaniki ośrodków ciągłych, PWN, Warszawa 1982</li> <li>W. Flügge; Tensor analysis and continuum mechanics, Springer-Verlag, Berlin 1972</li> <li>R. H. Cannon jr.; Dynamika układów fizycznych, WNT, Warszawa 1973</li> <li>Derski W., Ziemia S., Analiza modeli reologicznych, Wyd. PWN, Warszawa 1968.</li> <li>Wrotny L.T., Zadania z kinematyki i dynamiki maszyn technologicznych i robotów przemysłowych, Wyd. PW, Warszawa 1998.</li> </ol>		
<b>Additional bibliography:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Z. Parszewski; Drgania i dynamika maszyn, WNT, Warszawa 1982</li> <li>R. Scanlan, R. Rosenbaum; Drgania i flutter samolotów, PWN, Warszawa 1964</li> <li>W. Tarnowski; Modelowanie systemów, Wyd. Politechniki Koszalińskiej, Koszalin 2004</li> <li>Czemplik A., Modele dynamiki układów fizycznych dla inżynierów</li> </ol>		
<b>Result of average student's workload</b>		
<b>Activity</b>	<b>Time (working hours)</b>	
1. Participation in the lecture	15	
2. Consultations	2	
3. Preparation for the test	4	
4. Exam	2	
5. Participation in exercises	30	
6. Consultations	2	
7. Preparation for the test	10	
8. Test	2	
<b>Student's workload</b>		
<b>Source of workload</b>	<b>hours</b>	<b>ECTS</b>
Total workload	67	3
Contact hours	53	2
Practical activities	0	0